

Syllabus

Chemistry 205

General, Organic, and Biochem

Spring 2020

3 Credit Hours

Instructor:

Dr. Gary D. Anderson
Department of Chemistry
Marshall University
Huntington, WV 25755

E-mail: <mailto:anderson@marshall.edu>
Web Page <http://www.science.marshall.edu/anderson>

Prerequisites: There are no formal prerequisites for this course but if your math ACT score was below 18, I would strongly advise you to complete MTH 102 before attempting this course.

Course Description: Introductory course for health professions students and non-science majors covering basic chemical principles with applications in organic chemistry and biochemistry.

Note for students with visual impairments: This course contains a substantial number of graphics files that cannot be adequately described as text equivalents. If you contact the instructor arrangements can be made to provide the source files for the graphics and/or Braille embossed high resolution graphics.

This syllabus is rather long so I have listed some headings that may help you navigate through it.

[Required Materials](#)

[Target Dates and Deadlines](#)

[Grading Policies](#)

[How This Course Is Organized](#)

[Course Objectives](#)

[Marshall University Course Policies](#)

[Time Requirement](#)

[Computer and Software Requirements](#)

[Contacting the Instructor](#)

[List of Topics to Be Covered](#)

Required Materials:

Text: The text for this course is "The Basics of General, Organic, and Biological Chemistry" v. 2.0.4. by David W. Ball, John W. Hill, and Rhonda J. Scott. The book is published by Flat World. The text is available in printed form or in digital form. The eISBN number for the book is 978-1-4533-9345-1

The MU Bookstore sell access passes for the text or you can order it direct from the publisher by going to

<https://students.flatworldknowledge.com/course/2591579>

For \$35 you can get online access - this gives you internet access to the text materials but you can only use it while you are logged in to the Flatworld web site. For \$55 you can purchase a package that gives you online access plus Ebook downloads. If you get this digital version, you can access the book through the web or you can download it as PDF files which you can print or read from your computer. Files that can be loaded on an iPad, a Kindle reader, or some Android devices are also included. If you have really good eyesight you could even put the book on your smart phone. For \$60 you can buy a package that gives you online access plus a color printed text book. For \$80 you can get a package that includes online access, Ebook downloads and the color printed textbook. You get immediate access to the digital materials and the printed book is shipped about a week after you order it. The most cost effective option is the \$80 package because it gives you multiple options for accessing the book at a reasonable price.

Note that all of the packages include the access pass. If you buy just the access pass either through the bookstore or through the publisher's web site you can upgrade at any time for the difference between the publisher web site price for the access pass and whatever package you want to upgrade to.

Note that all three formats (access pass, downloadable files, printed book) have exactly the same content. So you can select the format that best fits your budget and your way of reading text materials.

Calculator:

You will need a basic scientific calculator. You should be able to find a suitable calculator for around \$15 or less. I do not recommend that you buy an expensive calculator. You will be better off with an inexpensive calculator that

you can learn to use easily instead of with an expensive calculator with so many capabilities that you have a hard time learning how to use it. The calculator that is installed as a part of Windows is a good example of what you need and, in fact, you may want to use it for the quizzes.

[Return to Top of Page](#)

Exam Target Dates and Deadlines

Students in this course have a maximum of one semester to complete the course.

At the beginning you will only see icons for lecture notes for one topic and a quiz for that topic. You must make a score of 8 or more on any quiz before you will be able to see the next topic in the course. When you achieve an 8 the icons for the next topic lecture notes and quiz will automatically appear. You are not eligible to take an exam until you have completed all the quizzes in that Part of the course. For example, you must complete quiz #14 before you can take Exam I.

Each exam has a Bonus Date, a Penalty Date, and a Last Access Date. If you complete an exam on or before the Bonus Date for that exam I will reward you by adding 20 points to your overall grade. If you do not complete the exam on or before the Penalty Date, I will subtract 20 points from your overall grade. If you do not complete an exam on or before the Last Access Date for that exam you will not be able to take the exam and you will receive a score of zero

If you receive a score of zero on any of the first three exams because you didn't take it before the last access date, you will be given access to the first topic in the next Part at that time.

Dates for Spring 2020 are:

Exam	Bonus Date	Penalty Date	Last Access Date
Exam I	Wednesday February 5, 2020	Wednesday February 12, 2020	Monday February 24, 2020
Exam II	Monday February 24, 2020	Monday March 2, 2020	Friday March 13, 2020
Exam III	Thursday April 2, 2020	Thursday April 9, 2020	Friday April 20, 2020
Exam IV	Friday April 24, 2020		Thursday April 30, 2020
Final Exam	Friday April 24, 2020		Thursday April 30, 2020

NOTE WELL. A score of zero will be recorded for any quiz or exam not completed on or before Thursday, April 30, 2020.

[Return to Top of Page](#)

Grading:

There will be four hour exams and a final exam in addition to the 64 quizzes. The 64 quizzes are worth 10 points each. The four hour exams are worth 240 points each and the final exam is worth 320 points.

So, it is possible to earn up to 640 points from the quizzes, up to 960 points from the four exams and up to 320 points from the final for a total of 1920 possible points in the course.

Letter grades will be assigned based on the following scale for the total points

- 1728 points or higher = A
- 1536-1727 points = B
- 1344-1535 points = C
- 1152-1343 points = D
- Less than 1152 points = F

Since I want to encourage students to complete this course in a timely manner, I will add 20 points to your total if you take an hour exam on or before the Bonus Date for that exam. On the other side of the coin, I will deduct 20 points from your total if you take an hour exam after the Penalty Date for that exam. I will also add 20 points to your total if you complete the final exam before the Bonus Date for the final. If you take full advantage of this incentive, you can raise your grade by a close to half a letter grade. On the other hand, failure to complete the coursework on schedule can cost you severely. I will post reminders of the target dates on the bulletin board from time to time so be sure to check the bulletin board for this.

The hour exams will be given on-line. There is a time limit on the exams and it will be enforced by the computer -- no answers will be accepted after the time limit on an exam. You will get the graded exam back with your score and feedback on your errors. Exams are closed book, closed note. **You are on your honor to take the exams without any assistance and without referring to any materials other than a basic periodic table.**

The final exam will be handled the same way as the hour exams. You only get one attempt on each exam and the time limit is enforced..

The quizzes are all taken on-line and the scores and the correct answers are available to you as soon as you complete the quiz. Quizzes are designed as learning tools rather than as grading tools so there is no time limit on quizzes.

You can retake quizzes as many times as you like and only the highest score will count so you can feel free to retake a quiz as a way of studying for exams without having to worry about it hurting your grade.

[Return to Top of Page](#)

Organization of the Course:

Chemistry is a subject that builds on a foundation. You cannot understand the later topics unless you understand the earlier topics. For this reason, I have used the “topic mastery” model for this course. You cannot go on to a new topic until you have mastered the current one. Each topic has a quiz associated with it and you must make a score of 8 (or higher) on the quiz before you can proceed. You may take the quiz as many times as necessary but only the highest score will count.

When you first start the course, only one topic will be available to you. Whenever you complete a topic, a new one will become available. All of the older ones will stay available so that you can review them as needed.

I divided the course into 64 topics -- essentially starting a new topic at the point where I would normally end a lecture session in a regular course. A normal one hour lecture would cover two or more of these topics so each topic would represent somewhere between 10 minutes and an hour of lecture time in a regular course. You should be able to complete some topics in a few minutes but a few may take an hour or more.

The course is divided into four roughly equal sized parts. There is an hour exam after you complete each of these parts. You cannot take an exam until after you have completed all of the quizzes in that part of the course and you cannot take the final exam until you have completed Exam 4. Click [here](#) for a detailed list of the topics.

[Return to Top of Page](#)

Course Objectives:

Student Learning Outcomes (by chapter)	How students will practice each outcome in this course	How each outcome will be assessed in this course
---------------------------------------------------	---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	---------------------------------------------------------------------------------

<p>Chapter 1</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Define chemistry in relation to other sciences. • Identify the general steps in the scientific method. • Use chemical and physical properties, including phase, to describe matter. • Identify a sample of matter as an element, a compound, or a mixture. • Express quantities properly, using a number and a unit. Express a large number or a small number in scientific notation. • Identify the number of significant figures in a reported value. • Use significant figures correctly in arithmetical operations. • Recognize the SI base units and explain the system of prefixes used with them. • Convert a value reported in one unit to a corresponding value a different unit. 	<p>repeatable online quizzes</p>	<p>quizzes exams</p>
<p>Chapter 2</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Define a chemical element and give examples of the abundance of different elements. • Represent a chemical element with a chemical symbol. • Explain all matter is composed of atoms. • Describe the modern atomic theory. • Describe the three main subatomic particles. • State how the subatomic particles are arranged in atoms. • Define and differentiate between the atomic number and the mass number of an element. • Explain how isotopes differ from one another. • Define atomic mass and atomic mass unit. • Describe how electrons are grouped within atoms. • Explain how elements are organized into the periodic table. • Describe how some characteristics of elements relate to their positions on the periodic table. 	<p>repeatable online quizzes</p>	<p>quizzes exams</p>
<p>Chapter 3</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Define the octet rule. • Describe how ionic bonds are formed. • Define the two types of ions. 	<p>repeatable online quizzes</p>	<p>quizzes exams</p>

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use Lewis diagrams to illustrate ion formation. • Write the chemical formula for a simple ionic compound. • Recognize polyatomic ions in chemical formulas. • Use the rules for naming ionic compounds. • Determine the formula mass of an ionic compound. 		
<p>Chapter 4</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Describe how a covalent bond forms. • Determine the chemical formula of a simple covalent compound from its name. • Determine the name of a simple covalent compound from its chemical formula. • Recognize molecules that are likely to have multiple covalent bonds. • Compare covalent bonds in terms of bond length and bond polarity • Determine the molecular mass of a molecule. • Predict the general shape of a simple covalent molecule. 	repeatable online quizzes	quizzes exams
<p>Chapter 5</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Correctly define a law as it pertains to science. • State the law of conservation of matter. • Define <i>chemical reaction</i>. • Use a balanced chemical equation to represent a chemical reaction. • Calculate the amount of one substance that will react with or be produced from a given amount of another substance. • Classify a given chemical reaction into a variety of types. • Identify a chemical reaction as an oxidation-reduction reaction. • Identify oxidation-reduction reactions with organic compounds. 	repeatable online quizzes	quizzes exams
<p>Chapter 6</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Define the mole unit. • Learn how the masses of moles of atoms and molecules are expressed. • Convert quantities between mass units and mole units. 	repeatable online quizzes	quizzes exams

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use a balanced chemical reaction to determine molar relationships between the substances. • Convert from mass or moles of one substance to mass or moles of another substance in a chemical reaction. 		
<p>Chapter 7</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Define <i>energy</i> and <i>heat</i>. • Relate heat transfer to temperature change. • Determine the heat associated with a phase change. • Define <i>bond energy</i>. • Determine if a chemical process is exothermic or endothermic. • Relate the concept of energy change to chemical reactions that occur in the body. 	repeatable online quizzes	quizzes exams
<p>Chapter 8</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Define <i>phase</i>. • Identify the type of interactions between molecules. • Describe the solid and liquid phases. • Describe the gas phase. • Predict the properties of gases using the gas laws. 	repeatable online quizzes	quizzes exams
<p>Chapter 9</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Understand what causes solutions to form. • Express the amount of solute in a solution in various concentration units. • Use molarity to determine quantities in chemical reactions. • Determine the resulting concentration of a diluted solution. • Describe the dissolution process at the molecular level. • Describe how the properties of solutions differ from those of pure solvents. 	repeatable online quizzes	quizzes exams
<p>Chapter 10</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Recognize a compound as an Arrhenius acid or an Arrhenius base. • Recognize a compound as a Brønsted-Lowry acid or a Brønsted-Lowry base. 	repeatable online quizzes	quizzes exams

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Illustrate the proton transfer process that defines a Brønsted-Lowry acid-base reaction. • Write chemical equations for water acting as an acid and as a base. • Describe the difference between strong and weak acids and bases. • Describe how a chemical reaction reaches chemical equilibrium. • Define the pH scale and use it to describe acids and bases. • Define <i>buffer</i> and describe how it reacts with an acid or a base. 		
<p>Chapter 11</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Define and give examples of the major types of radioactivity • Define <i>half-life</i> • Determine the amount of radioactive substance remaining after a given number of half-lives. • Express amounts of radioactivity in a variety of units. • Learn some applications of radioactivity • Explain where nuclear energy comes from. • Describe the difference between fission and fusion 	repeatable online quizzes	quizzes exams
<p>Chapter 12</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Define organic chemistry. • Identify organic molecules as alkanes, alkenes, alkynes, alcohols, or carboxylic acids. • Recognize the composition and properties typical of organic and inorganic compounds. • Identify and name simple (straight-chain) alkanes given formulas and write formulas for straight-chain alkanes given their names. • Learn how alkane molecules can have branched chains and recognize compounds that are isomers. • Write condensed structural formulas for alkanes given complete structural formulas. \ • Draw line-angle formulas given structural formulas. • Name alkanes by the IUPAC system and write formulas for alkanes given IUPAC names. • Name halogenated hydrocarbons given formulas and write formulas for these compounds given names 	repeatable online quizzes	quizzes exams

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Name cycloalkanes given their formulas and write formulas for these compounds given their names. Name alkenes given formulas and write formulas for alkenes given names. Recognize alkenes that <i>can</i> exist as <i>cis-trans</i> isomers. Classify isomers as <i>cis</i> or <i>trans</i>. Draw structures for <i>cis-trans</i> isomers given their names Write equations for the addition reactions of alkenes with hydrogen, halogens, and water. 		
<p>Chapter 13</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Recognize carbohydrates and classify them as mono-, di-, or polysaccharides. Classify monosaccharides as aldoses or ketoses and as trioses, tetroses, pentoses, or hexoses. Distinguish between a D sugar and an L sugar. Identify the structures of D-glucose, D-galactose, and D-fructose and describe how they differ from each other. Define what is meant by anomers and describe how they are formed. Explain what is meant by mutarotation Identify the physical and chemical properties of monosaccharides Identify the structures of sucrose, lactose, and maltose Identify the monosaccharides that are needed to form sucrose, lactose, and maltose Compare and contrast the structures and uses of starch, glycogen, and cellulose 	repeatable online quizzes	quizzes exams
<p>Chapter 14</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Recognize the structures of common fatty acids and classify them as saturated, monounsaturated, or polyunsaturated. Explain why fats and oils are referred to as triglycerides. Explain how the fatty acid composition of the triglycerides determines whether a substance is a fat or oil. Describe the importance of key reactions of triglycerides, such as hydrolysis, hydrogenation, and oxidation. 	repeatable online quizzes	quizzes exams

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Identify the distinguishing characteristics of membrane lipids. • Describe membrane components and how they are arranged. • Identify the function of steroids produced in mammals. 		
<p>Chapter 15</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Recognize amino acids and classify them based on the characteristics of their side chains. • Explain how an amino acid can act as both an acid and a base. • Explain how a peptide is formed from individual amino acids. • Explain why the sequence of amino acids in a protein is important. • Describe the four levels of protein structure. • Identify the types of attractive interactions that hold proteins in their most stable three-dimensional structure. • Explain what happens when proteins are denatured. • Identify how a protein can be denatured. • Explain the functions of enzymes. • Explain how enzymes are classified and named. • Describe the interaction between an enzyme and its substrate. • Describe how pH, temperature, and the concentration of an enzyme and its substrate influence enzyme activity. • Explain what an enzyme inhibitor is. • Distinguish between reversible and irreversible inhibitors. • Distinguish between competitive and noncompetitive inhibitors. • Explain why vitamins are necessary in the diet. 	<p>repeatable online quizzes</p>	<p>quizzes exams</p>
<p>Chapter 16</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Identify the different molecules that combine to form nucleotides. • Identify the two types of nucleic acids and the function of each type. • Describe how nucleotides are linked together to form nucleic acids. • Describe the secondary structure of DNA and the importance of complementary base pairing. 	<p>repeatable online quizzes</p>	<p>quizzes exams</p>

- | | | |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Describe how a new copy of DNA is synthesized.• Describe how RNA is synthesized from DNA.• Identify the different types of RNA and the function of each type of RNA.• Describe the characteristics of the genetic code.• Describe how a protein is synthesized from mRNA.• Describe the causes of genetic mutations and how they lead to genetic diseases.• Explain how viruses reproduce in cells. | | |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|

[Return to Top of Page](#)

Time Requirement

NOTE WELL: In a normal classroom setting for this course you would be expected to attend approximately 45 hours of lectures. You would also be expected to spend roughly double that amount of time studying for the course outside of class. The e-course format does not work magic -- you should expect to spend at least the same number of hours completing this course. Do not put off working on the course and then expect to be able to complete it in a couple of days. Be sure to try to meet the target dates so that you can successfully complete the course.

[Return to Top of Page](#)

Marshall University Course Policies

By enrolling in this course, you agree to all Marshall University policies published in the current undergraduate catalog. The full text of these policies can be found on-line at www.marshall.edu/academic-affairs/policies

[Return to Top of Page](#)

Computer and Software Requirements:

- You will need ready access to the internet. Home access is highly recommended. Your computer should meet the minimum requirements

listed in the link to Computer Hardware / Software Check and Minimum Requirements in the Student Support and Resources box in the opening page for the course in Blackboard. Broadband access such as DSL or cable modem is desirable but modem dialup access at 56K will work. There are very few files that will take more than a minute to download even at 56K.

- You will need a web browser. Blackboard says that you can use Explorer 11 or Edge or Firefox or Chrome on Windows based systems. If you use a Macintosh running OSX you should be aware that some problems have been reported for those who use the Safari browser so you should use either Google Chrome or Mozilla Firefox.
- You may need to download and install Sun Java. Then you need to enable Java and enable cookies. Then turn off anonymous login. You will also need to disable any popup ad killer software since they will interfere with quizzes and other features in Blackboard. Some firewall software and antivirus programs will also block popup windows so you may need to adjust settings on those. If you click on the "Blackboard Help" button in the left side menu of the main course page you will find a link to "Browser Support". Click on that and you will find a link for "Browser Checker" and if you click on that you will get a page showing information about your browser setup. If there are any items that do not have a green check mark then you may need to makes some adjustments in your browser setup.

[Return to Top of Page](#)

Contacting the Instructor:

Whenever you need help with the course or just want to ask a question about anything, you should feel free to contact me. I am semiretired and do not teach any classes other than online courses. I do not keep regular office hours on campus and I do not have a campus phone. The only reliable method for contacting me is by e-mail. I tend to check my e-mail about twice a day (even on weekends) and I tend to reply to e-mail as I receive it. I am sometimes out of town for a long weekend from time to time but will normally have access to e-mail. If I am going to be out of town and out of e-mail contact for more than a couple of days at a time I will warn you ahead of time.

You may use the e-mail that is internal to the course by clicking on the Messages button in the menu on the left side of the page. If you select Create Message, then click on the "TO" button, the instructor will listed as Gary Anderson (Instructor) and will normally be on the first page of the list.

Alternately, you may send e-mail to anderson@marshall.edu by any of the standard internet mail protocols. I will normally respond by whichever method you used to send your message. If you do not receive a response to an e-mail message within 48 hours you should assume that either your original message or my reply has gone astray in the e-mail system and you should resend the

message. If you have reason to believe that the Marshall email server is not working properly you may want to try sending the message to me at wv.chemist@comcast.net but I only check mail at that address about once a week unless the MU server is down.

Please note that while we tend to think of e-mail as being a nearly instantaneous means of communication there are times that there are significant delays in e-mail transmissions. Under certain circumstances it has been known to take as much as 48 hours for an e-mail message to get between a Marshall University account and an account at a local internet service provider. In fact, I had one case where a student sent me an e-mail message from a Marshall address and it did not arrive until 33 days later. If either server is especially busy or if the network is particularly busy you will see these delays. So, be sure to plan ahead and send e-mail messages as early as possible to avoid problems from unpredicted delays.

General announcements are posted on the course bulletin board and a copy of them is emailed to every student in the course at the time they are posted.

[Return to Top of Page](#)

Topics to Be Covered in This Course

Part I

Chapter 1

- 01-Introduction
- 02-Scientific Notation
- 03-Significant Figures
- 04-Measurements and Units
- 05-Unit Conversions
- 06-Density

Chapter 2

- 07-The Elements
- 08-Atomic Structure
- 09-Nuclei of Atoms
- 10-Arrangement of Electrons
- 11-Periodic Table

Chapter 3

12-Ionic Bonding
13-Formulas of Ionic Compounds
14-Naming Ions and Ionic Compounds

Part II

Chapter 4

15-Covalent Compounds
16-Multiple Covalent Bonds
17-Covalent Bond Characteristics
18-Formula Mass, Molecular Mass

Chapter 5

19-Chemical Equations
20-Types of Reactions
21-Redox Reactions

Chapter 6

22-The Mole
23-Stoichiometry-Moles
24-Stoichiometry-Mass

Chapter 7

25-Heat and Energy
26-Phase Changes
27-Heat in Chemical Reactions

Chapter 8

28-Intermolecular Forces
29-Gases and Pressure Units
30-PVT Relationships
31-Ideal Gas Law

Part III

Chapter 9

32-Solutions
33-Concentrations
34-Colligative Properties

Chapter 10

35-Arrhenius Acids and Bases
36-Bronsted-Lowery Acids and Bases
37-Acid and Base Strengths and Buffers

Chapter 11

38-Radioactivity
39-Radiation Units and Half Life
40-Uses of Radiation and Nuclear
Chemistry

Chapter 12

41-Introduction to Organic Chemistry
42-Alkanes
43-IUPAC Nomenclature
44-Cycloalkanes and Alkyl Halides
45-Alkenes, Alkynes and Aromatic
Hydrocarbons
46-Reactions of Alkenes
47-Cis-Trans Isomerism

Part IV

Chapter 13

48-Carbohydrates and Stereoisomers
49-Monosaccharides
50-Di- and Polysaccharides

Chapter 14

51-Fatty Acids
52-Fats and Oils
53-Membranes and Membrane Lipids
54-Steroids

Chapter 15

55-Amino Acids
56-The Isoelectric Point
57-Peptides and Proteins
58-Enzymes
59-Enzyme Activity
60-Enzyme Inhibition

Chapter 16

61-Nucleotides
62-Nucleic Acids
63-Replication and Transcription
64-Mutations and Viruses

[Return to Top of Page](#)