Homework 9

1.	On a 400 MHz instrument, 0.2 ppm in the proton spectrum corresponds to Hz. On the same instrument, 0.2 ppm on the C-13 corresponds to Hz.				
	¹³ C has a spin of orientations.	and ori	entations, wherea	as ² H has a spin	of and
2.	Consider the NMR of 3-methyl-2-butanone.				
	Draw the structure of the compound and label the different H's in the compound using lower case letters starting with 'a.'				
	Fill in the following table of these labeled protons with both the multiplicities of each and th				
	integration. Leave blank any unneeded row. Fill in the integration of for each of these				
protons.					
		proton	Multiplicity	Relative	
			Doublet,	integration	
			singlet, etc		
		a			
		ь			
		c			
		d			

3. Sketch and label the expected decoupled C-13 spectrum of 3-methyl-2- butanone. This includes the number of peaks, approximate position of the peaks, rough intensity of the peaks, assignment of the peaks, and the labeling of the y-axis.

4. Sketch and label the expected DEPT spectra (the kind you would get using the EFT-60 instrument) of 3-methyl-2- butanone.

5. Report as much as you can about the compound that gave the following proton spectrum. The relative integration of the peaks (from left to right) were experimental determined to be 49, 25, 26, 146.

