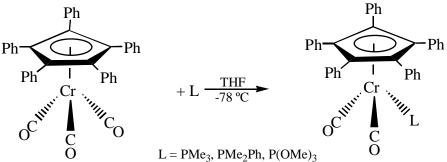
## Substitution Reactions of (C<sub>5</sub>Ph<sub>5</sub>)Cr(CO)<sub>3</sub>: Structural, Electrochemical, and Spectroscopic Characterization of (C<sub>5</sub>Ph<sub>5</sub>)Cr(CO)<sub>2</sub>L, L = PMe<sub>3</sub>, PMe<sub>2</sub>Ph, P(OMe)<sub>3</sub>

D.J. Hammack,\* M.M. Dillard,\* M.P. Castellani, A.L. Rheingold, A.L. Rieger and P.H. Rieger

## Abstract

The radical complex,  $(C_5Ph_5)Cr(CO)_3$ , reacts with small, neutral, monodentate Lewis bases (PMe<sub>3</sub>, PMe<sub>2</sub>Ph, and P(OMe)<sub>3</sub>) in THF at -78 °C (PMe<sub>2</sub>Ph reacts at ambient temperature) to yield the monomeric substitution products,  $(C_5Ph_5)Cr(CO)_2L$ •THF as thermally stable solids. Electrochemical and spectroscopic data are provided. An X-ray crystal structure of the hemisolvate  $(C_5Ph_5)Cr(CO)_2PMe_3$ •0.5THF was obtained. Frozen solution ESR spectra of  $(C_5Ph_5)Cr(CO)_2L$  in toluene are comparable to those of other low-spin  $d^5$  "piano-stool" complexes. Rotation of the  $Cr(CO)_2L$  moiety relative to the  $C_5Ph_5$  ring is rapid on the ESR time scale in low-temperature liquid solutions and leads to axial powder-like spectra. Analysis of this effect leads to significant insights into the electronic structure.



\*Marshall University undergraduate student